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NCP1680 Totem Pole CrM PFC Controller

Product Introduction

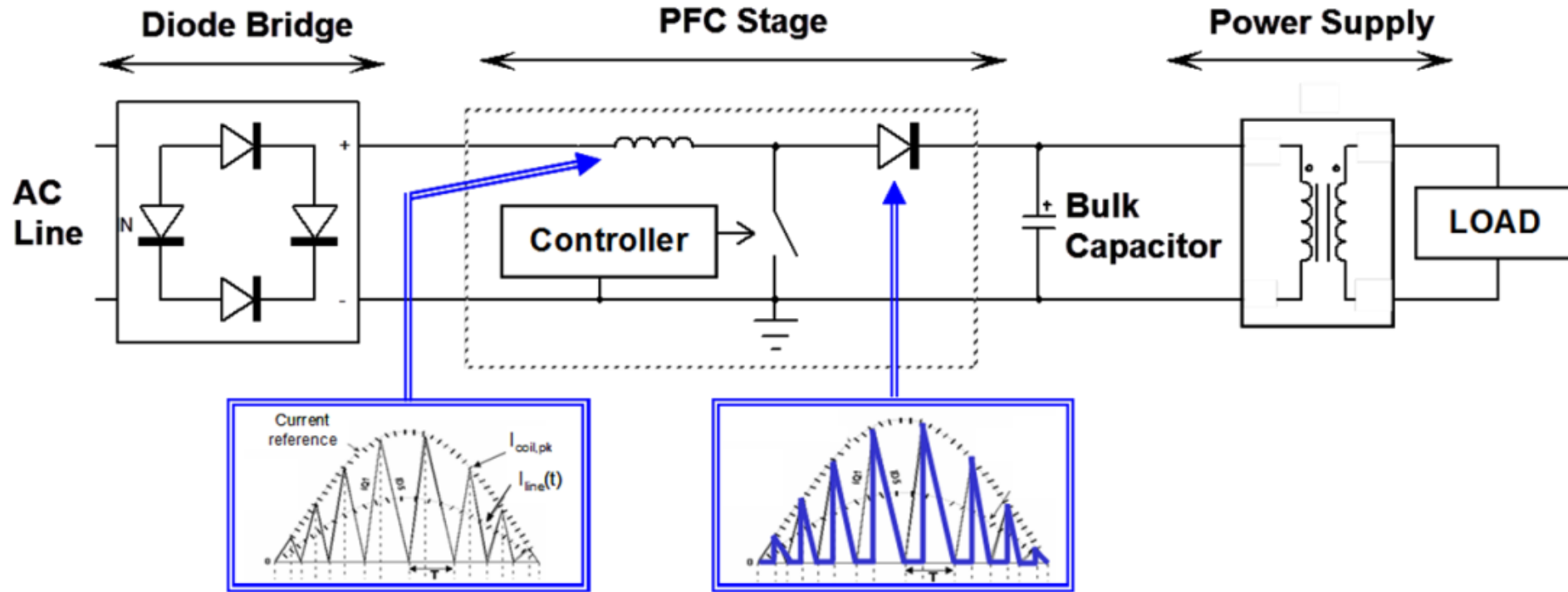
Public Information



Agenda

- Introduction to Totem Pole PFC operation
- Introduction to NCP1680 & key features
- Competitive landscape
- NCP1680 evaluation board data
- NCP1680 go to market collateral
- ON solution for ultra high density offline power supplies

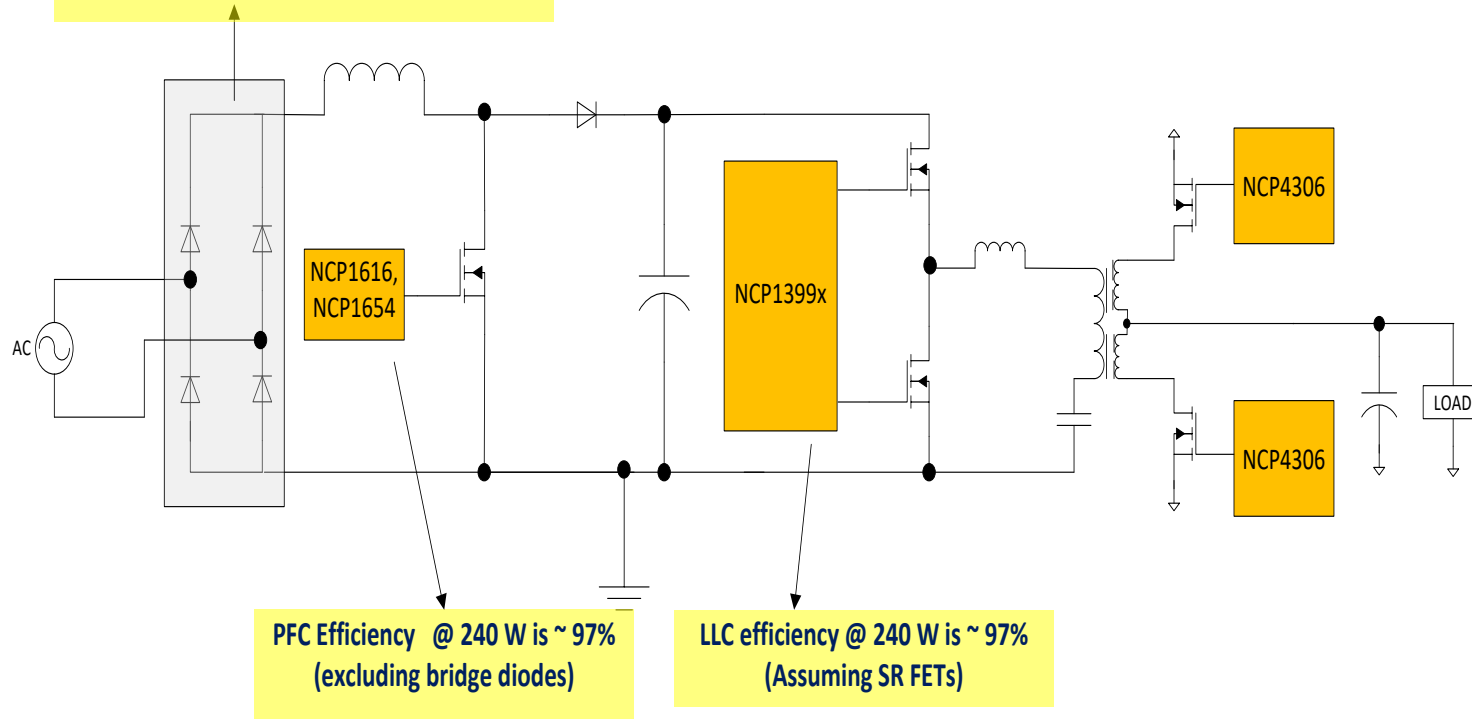
Power Factor Correction (PFC)



- ❑ Inserted between the line and the main converter, a pre-converter draws a sinusoidal current from the mains and provides a dc voltage
- ❑ Traditionally, this is a boost converter
- ❑ The driver embeds a specific control law

Why Totem Pole PFC?

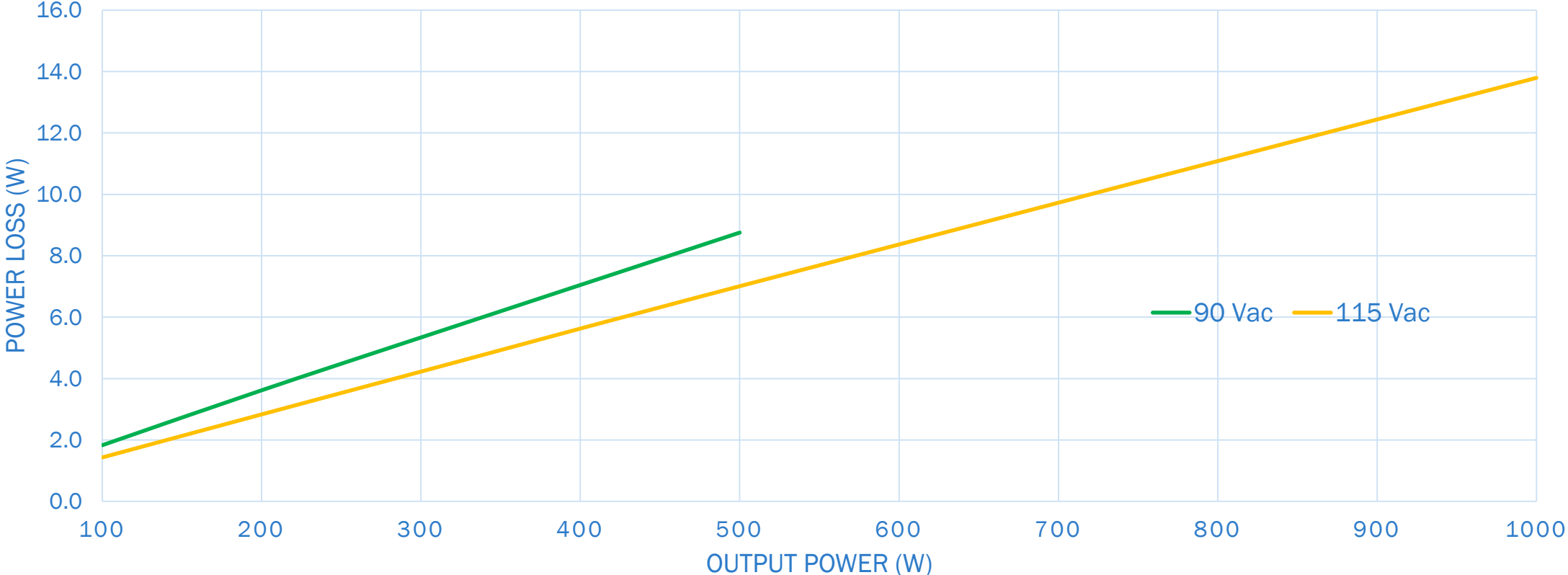
Bridge diode losses account for ~ 4 W @ low line & is 18% of the total losses in a 240 W PS.



Diode bridge with heat sink

Efficiency of the PFC boost stage & LLC stage have plateaued. Bridge diodes are the major source of power loss

Bridge diode power loss

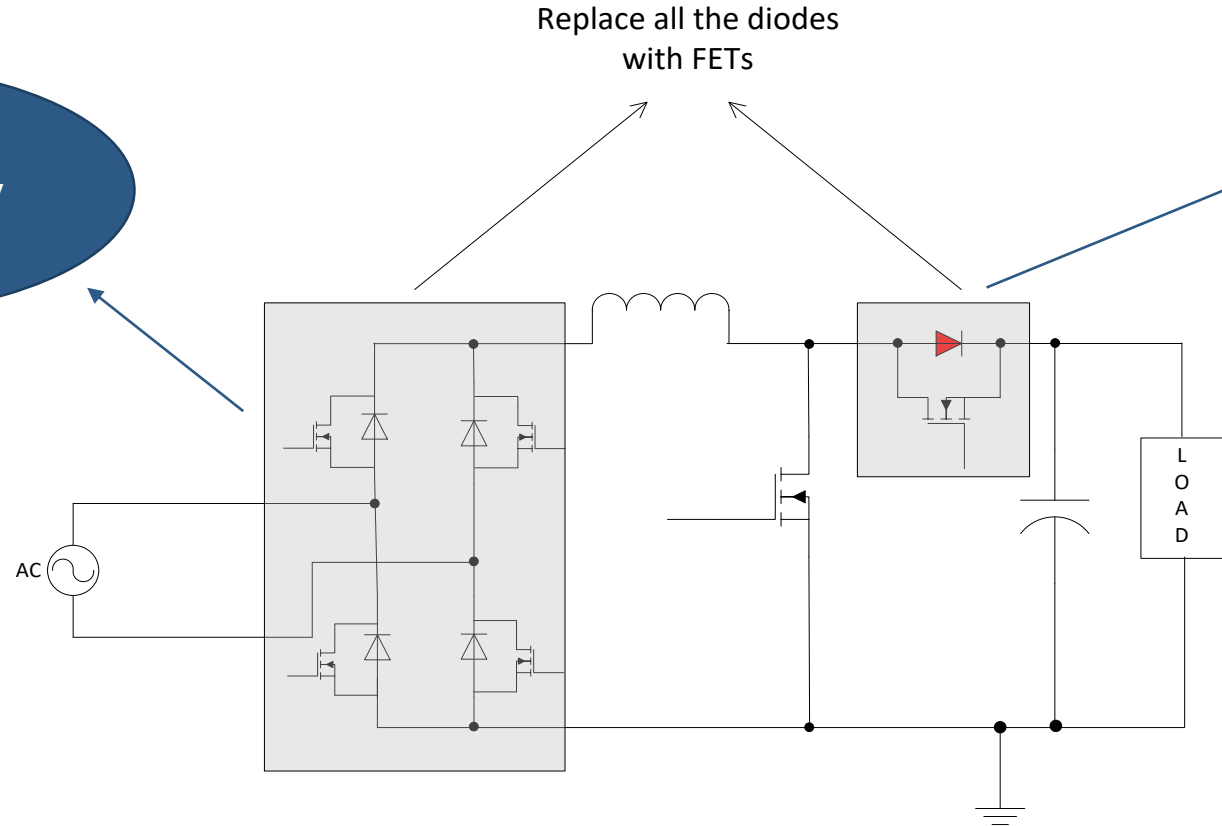


Efficiency of the PFC boost stage & LLC stage have plateaued. Bridge diodes are the major source of power loss



How to make boost PFC more efficient

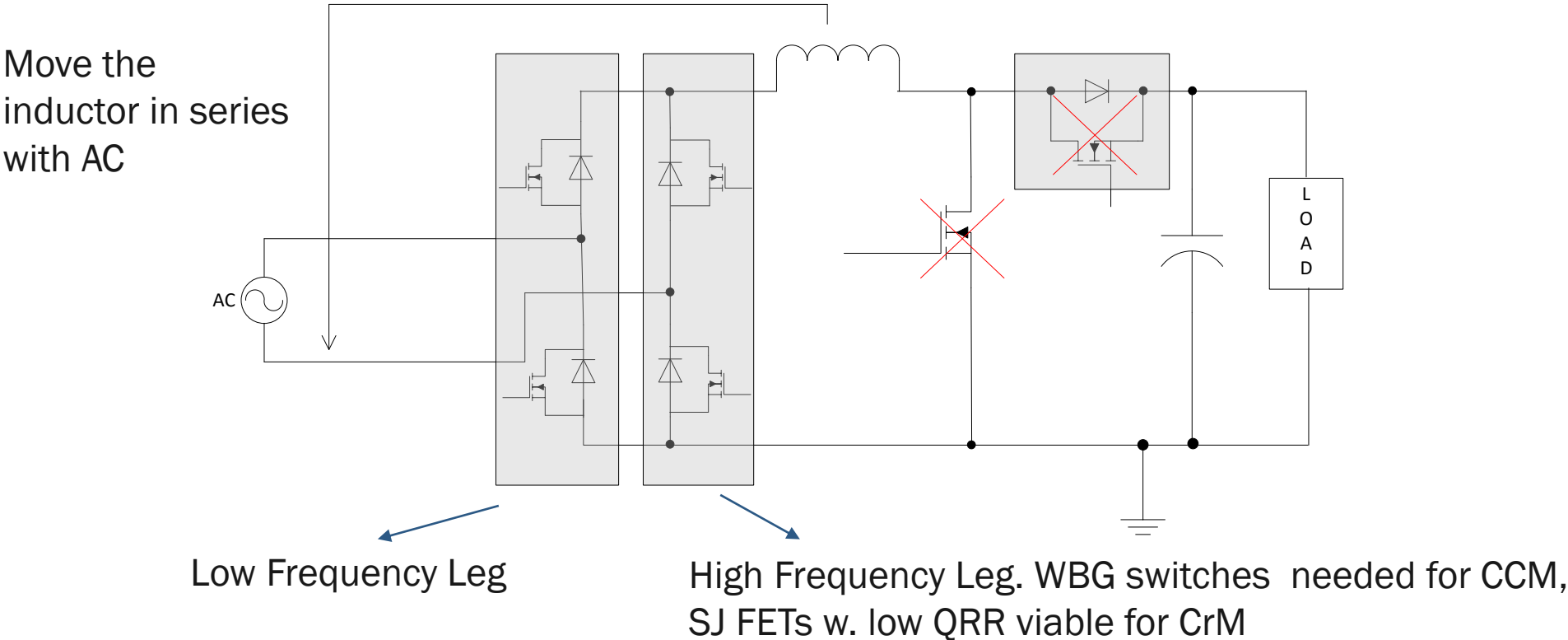
Active bridge solution is costly and clunky



Body diode of Synchronous FET prevents CCM operation

- Replace input bridge diodes with FETs. All diodes have to be replaced with $\sim 50 \text{ m}\Omega$, 650 V FETs
- 2 FETs in the 'bridge' and 1 FET in the boost stage always conducting
- MOSFET marketer's dream come true!! 6 HV FETs!!!

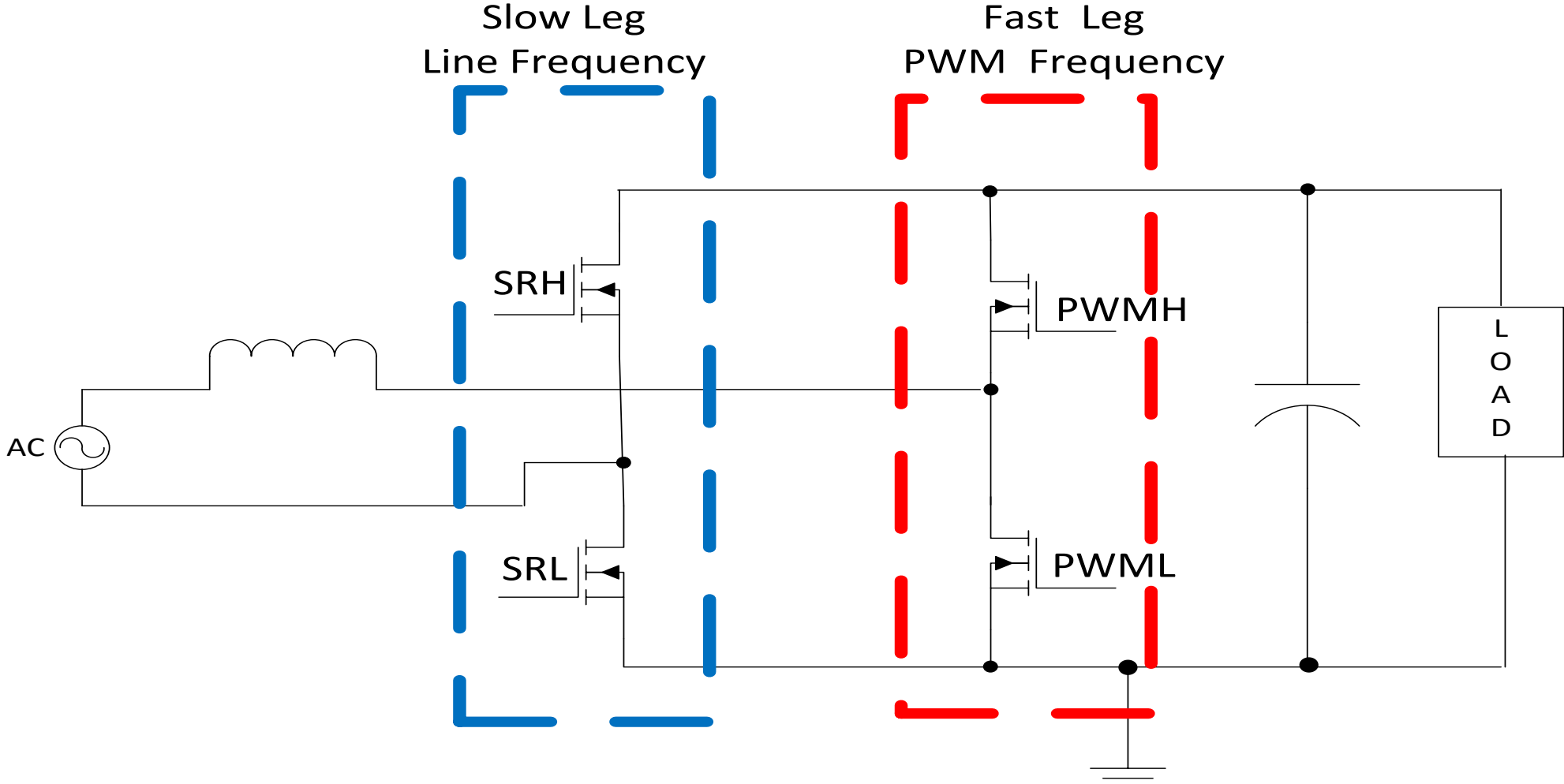
Rearranging classical boost converter



- Replace input bridge diodes with FETs and bring in the boost PFC stage



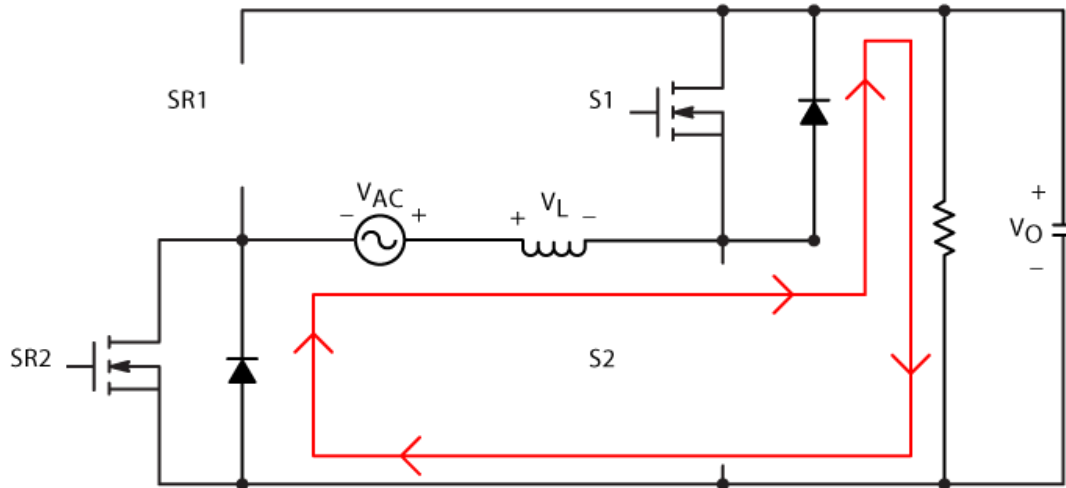
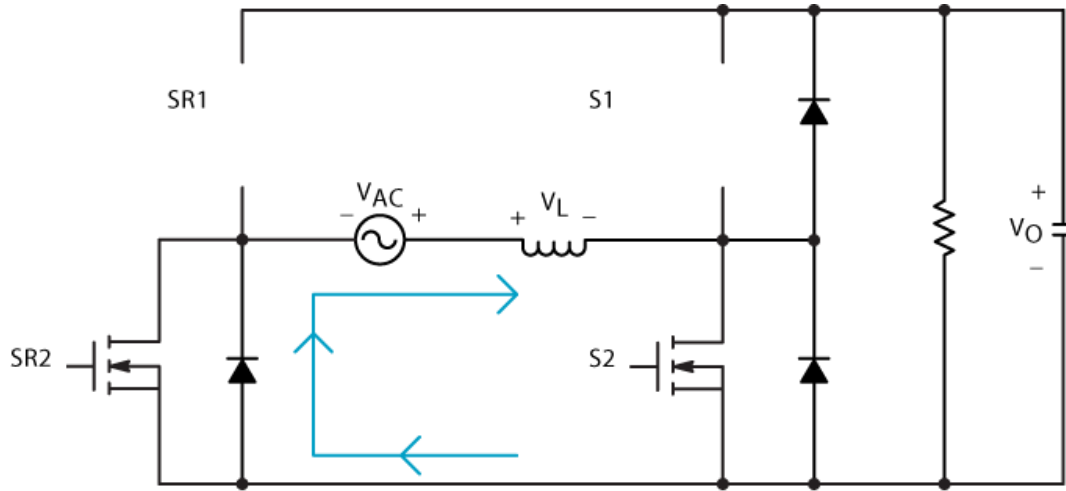
Bridgeless totem pole PFC



- Totem Pole is an elegant 4 switch boost solution that reduces number of components in the current path
- 1 FET in the “diode” section (Low Freq leg) and 1 FET in the boost section conducting



Positive Half Cycle Operation



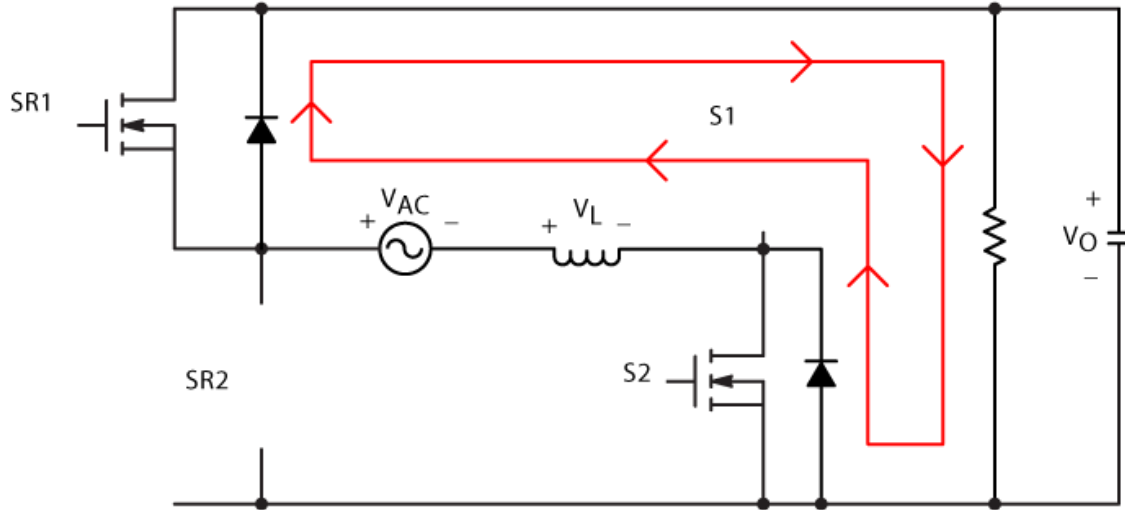
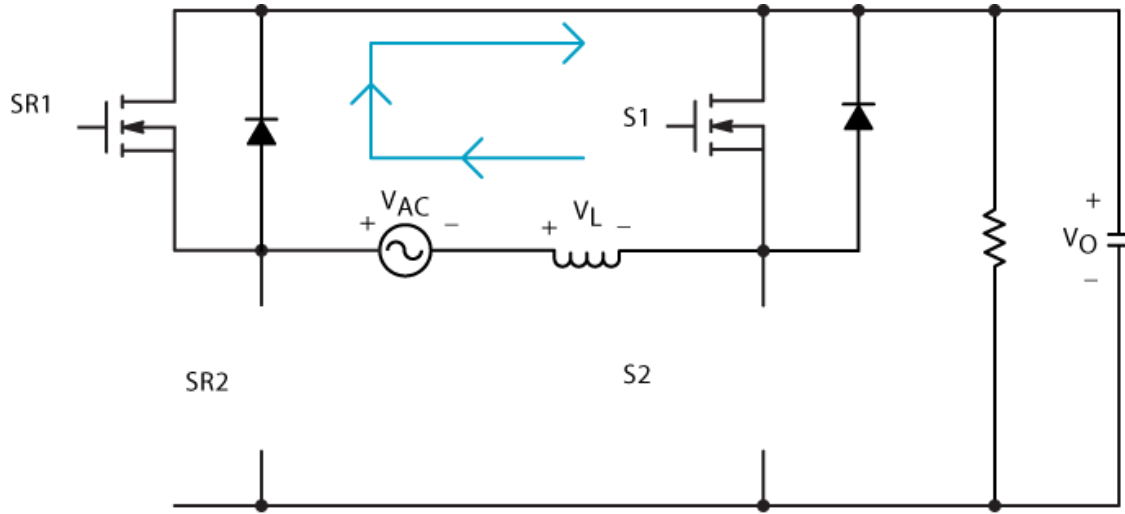
- S2 is the duty cycle (d) controlled device and S1 is the $(1-d)$ device

- When S2 is on, $V_L = V_{AC}$ and current (blue path) circulates through S2 and SR2

- When S2 turns off, $V_L = V_{AC} - V_O$ and current free wheels through S1 and SR2 (red path). S1 can be turned on for increased efficiency

- SR2 is returning current to the source for the entire positive line cycle

Negative Half Cycle Operation



- S1 is the duty cycle (d) controlled device and S2 is the $(1-d)$ device
- When S1 is on, $V_L = -V_{AC}$ and current (blue path) circulates through S1 and SR1
- When S1 turns off, $V_L = V_{AC} - V_O$ and current free wheels through S1 and SR2 (red path). S2 can be turned on for increased efficiency
- SR1 is returning current to the source for the entire negative line cycle

Bridgeless Totem Pole PFC Applications



Cloud-server power supply



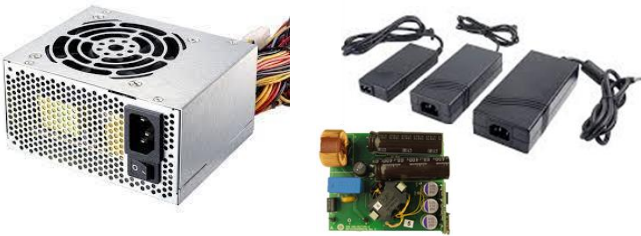
5G telecom power supply



Industrial power supply



High power LED street light



Computing power supply



High end OLED TV and projector



NCP1680 Bridgeless Totem Pole CrM PFC Controller

Value Proposition

The NCP1680 is a CrM Totem Pole PFC Controller capable constant on time CrM and valley synchronized frequency foldback for optimized efficiency across the entire load range. With proprietary current sensing architectures and proven control algorithms the NCP1680 allows for a cost-effective solution without jeopardizing performance.

Unique Features

- Constant on-time CrM architecture w. valley switching during foldback
- **Novel Current Sense scheme**
- Line polarity detection
- **Novel valley sense scheme**
- Control loop Internally compensated

Benefits

- Optimized performance across power levels
- Cycle-by-cycle current limit w/o hall effect sensor
- Removes external components;

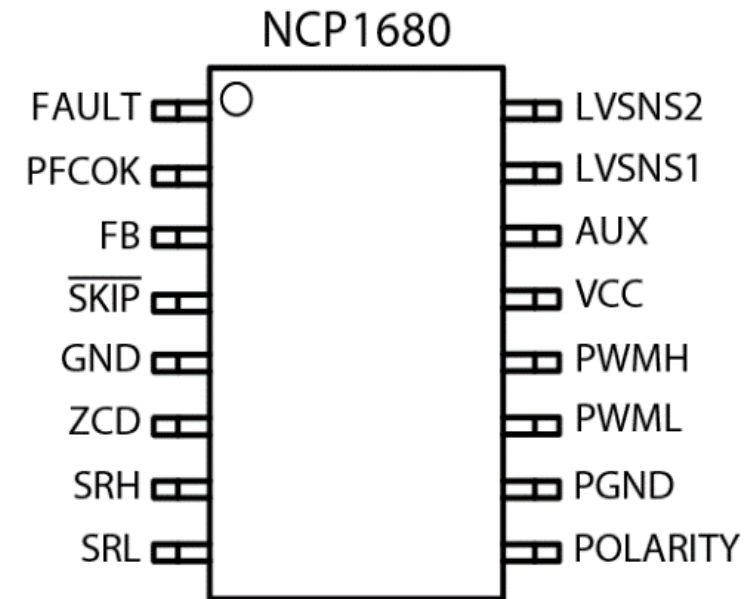
Other Features

- Two low voltage pins for sensing and recreating half-wave sinusoid.
- DCM with valley synchronized turn-on for improved light load efficiency
- Zero Current Detection for CrM Operation
- Integrated Digital voltage loop control

Market & Applications

- Telecom 5G / Networking Power Supplies
- Industrial Power Supplies
- Computing Power Supplies
- Gaming Console Power Supplies
- UHD TV Power Supplies

Device Pin-Out

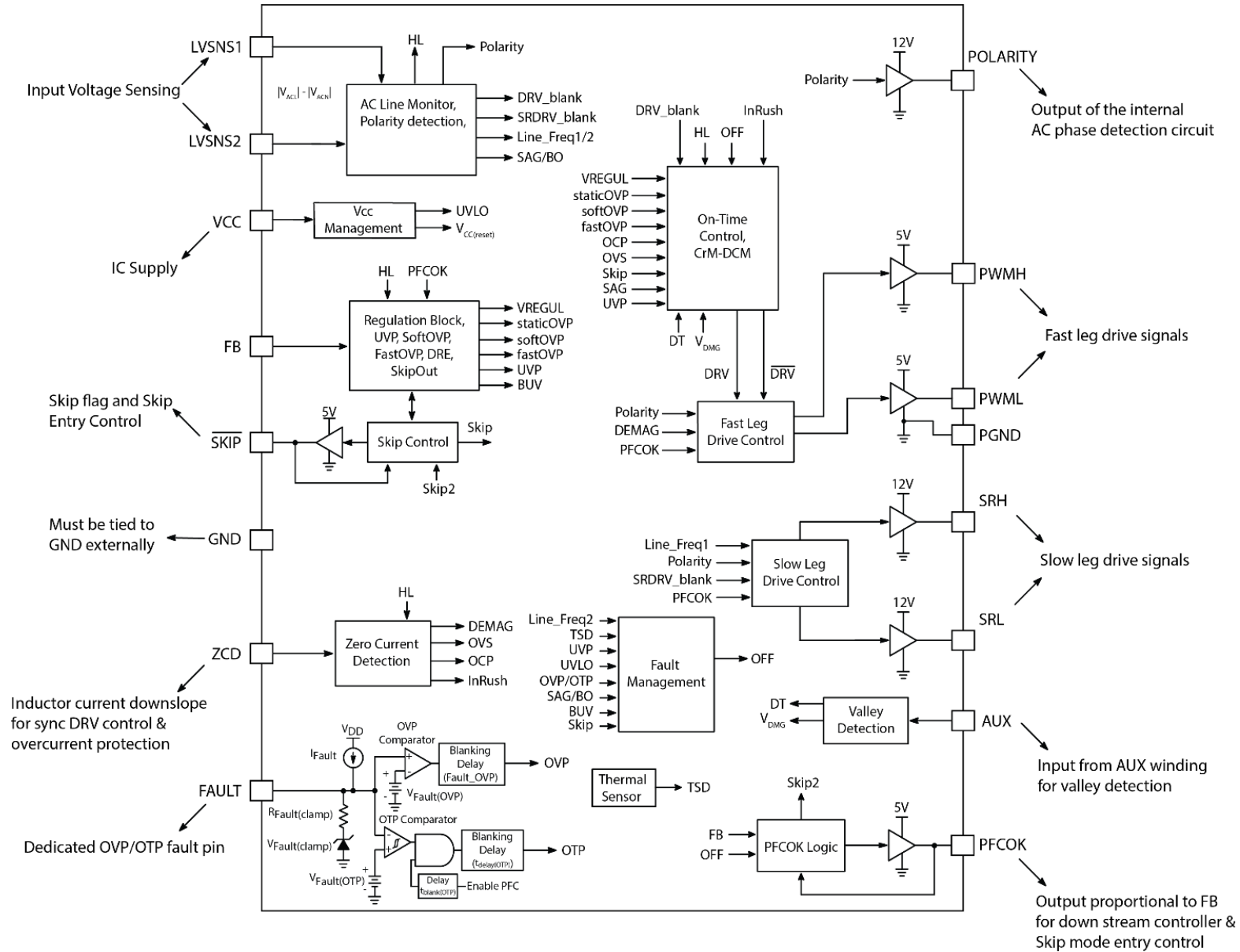


Ordering & Package information

- SOIC-16

**Multiple Patents
Issued/Pending**

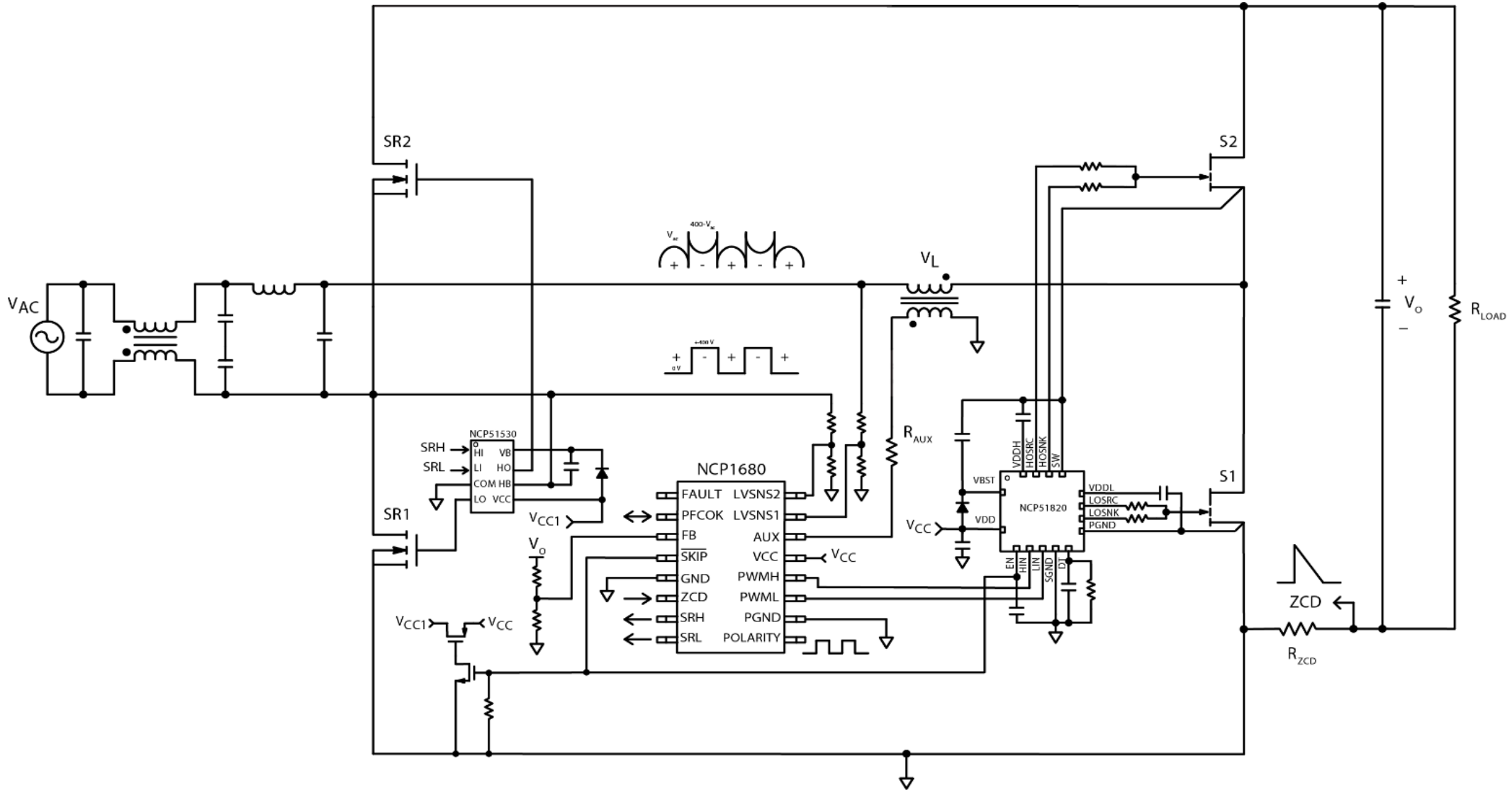
NCP1680 Block Diagram



Public Information



Typical Application Schematic NCP1680



Public Information



Totem Pole PFC market scenario - ON advantages

Existing solution on the market

Complex MCU based solution, customers need to write software code and costly current sensing method to implement the topology

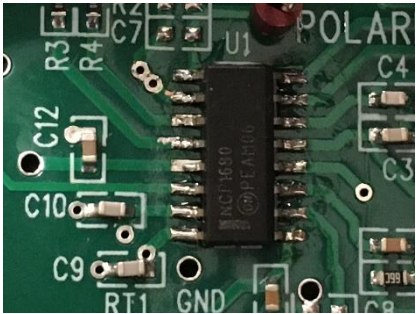
NCP1680 and NCP1681

Industry's first mixed signal controller dedicated to totem pole PFC topology

Totem Pole PFC Mixed Signal vs. Digital Controller

Digital Controller (DSP/MCU)	Mixed Signal Controller (NCP1680 & 1)
Cloud/High end server	NCP1680 (CrM) -> Telecom 5G/industrial/computing up to 350 W NCP1681 (MM) -> Workstation/gaming console power up to 1 kW NCP1681 (CCM only) -> Network/cloud-server/industrial >2.5 kW
Supports multi-topologies: Boost PFC, Totem Pole PFC, voltage mode LLC etc.	Optimized for Totem Pole PFC: CrM and CCM
Flexibility - Customer can implement custom IP to distinguish from competition	Designed to pass standards for computing & gaming power supplies
Poor standby power. Icc of DSP/MCU is high	Excellent light load efficiency and standby power
THD <2% possible, look-up tables and custom IP	NCP1680 (CrM) -> THD better than standards set for computing NCP1681 (CCM only) -> THD <5%
Telemetry: Input voltage and current. Accuracy 5 %. PM Bus possible	No telemetry

NCP1680 300 W Evaluation Board Picture



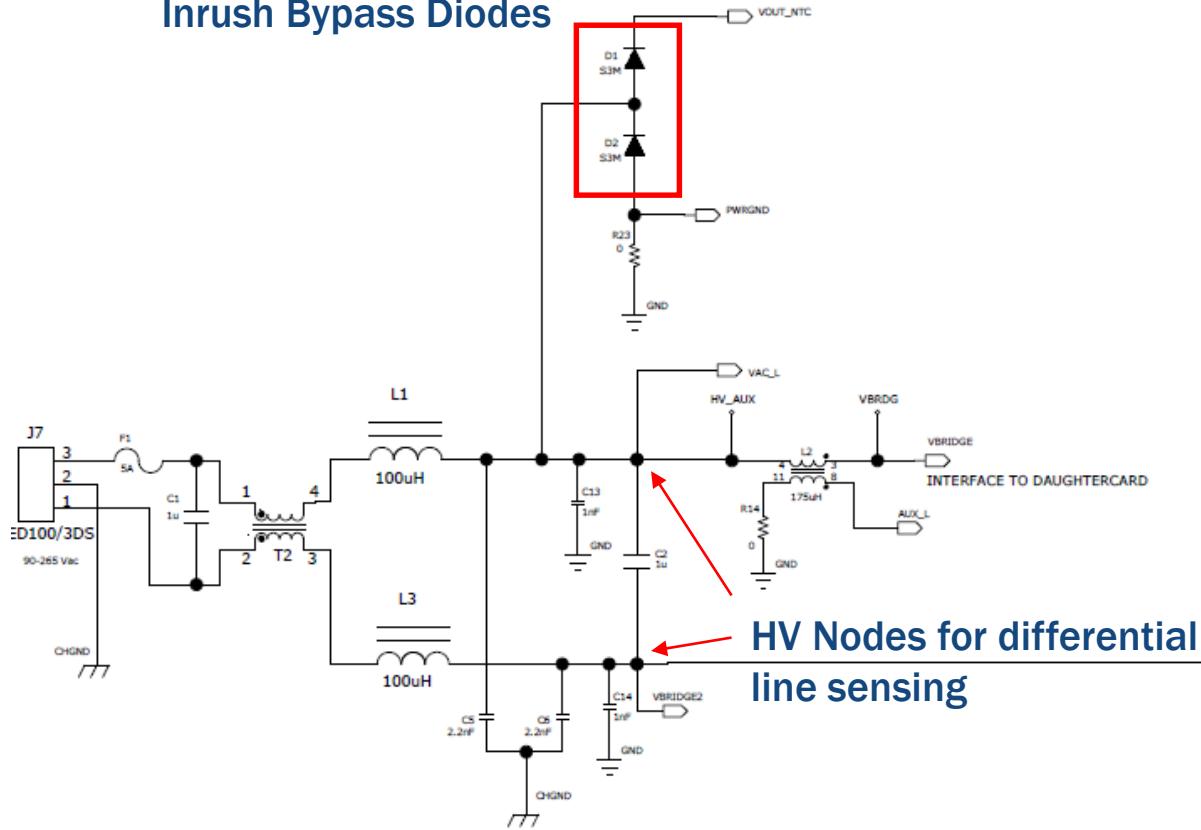
Evaluation Board Specs & Key Components

Description	Value	Units
Input Voltage Range	90 - 265	VAC
Line Frequency Range	47 - 63	Hz
Output Voltage	395	V
Output Power	300	W
Boost Inductor	175	μ H
Bulk Capacitors	200	μ F
Fast Leg Switch (1)	GS66508B	
Slow Leg Switch	FCPF067N65	
ZCD Resistor	125	m Ω

Power Train Schematic

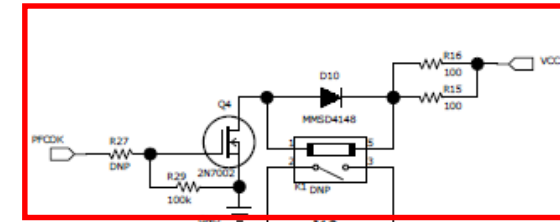
Optional ICL
bypass circuit

Inrush Bypass Diodes

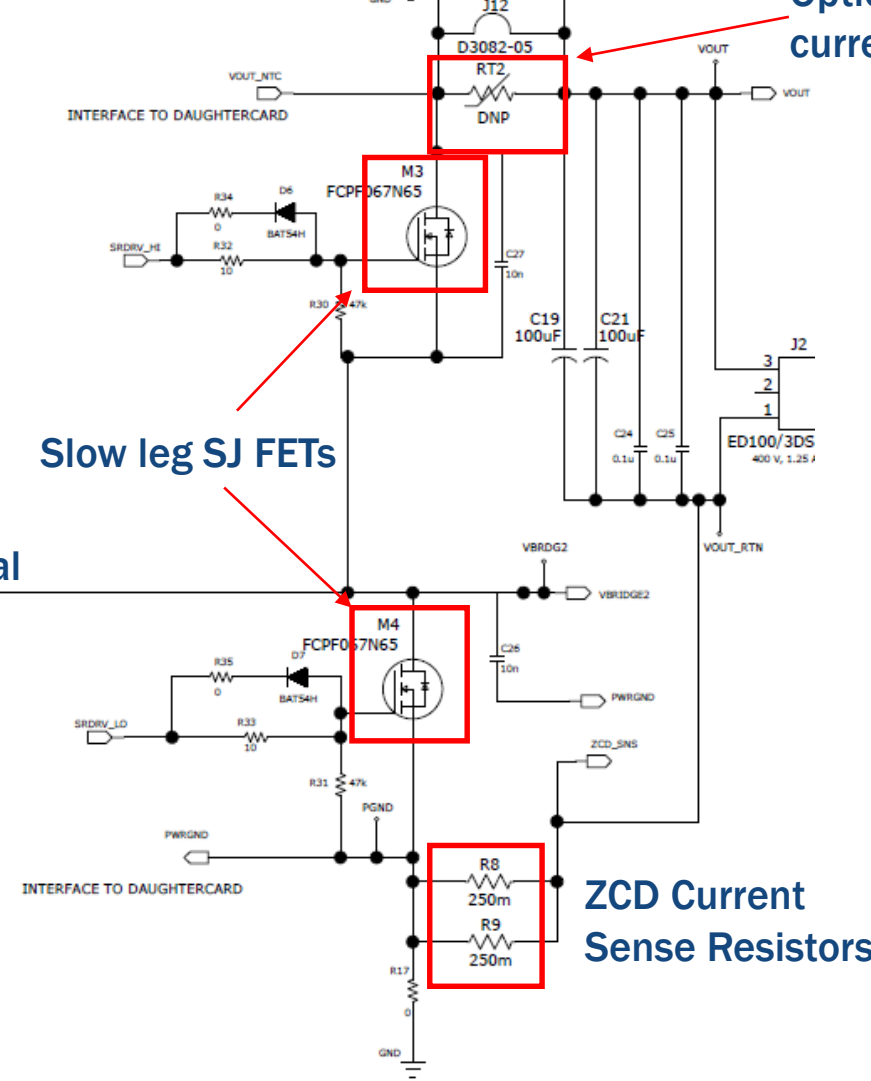


HV Nodes for differential
line sensing

Slow leg SJ FETs



Optional inrush
current limiter (ICL)

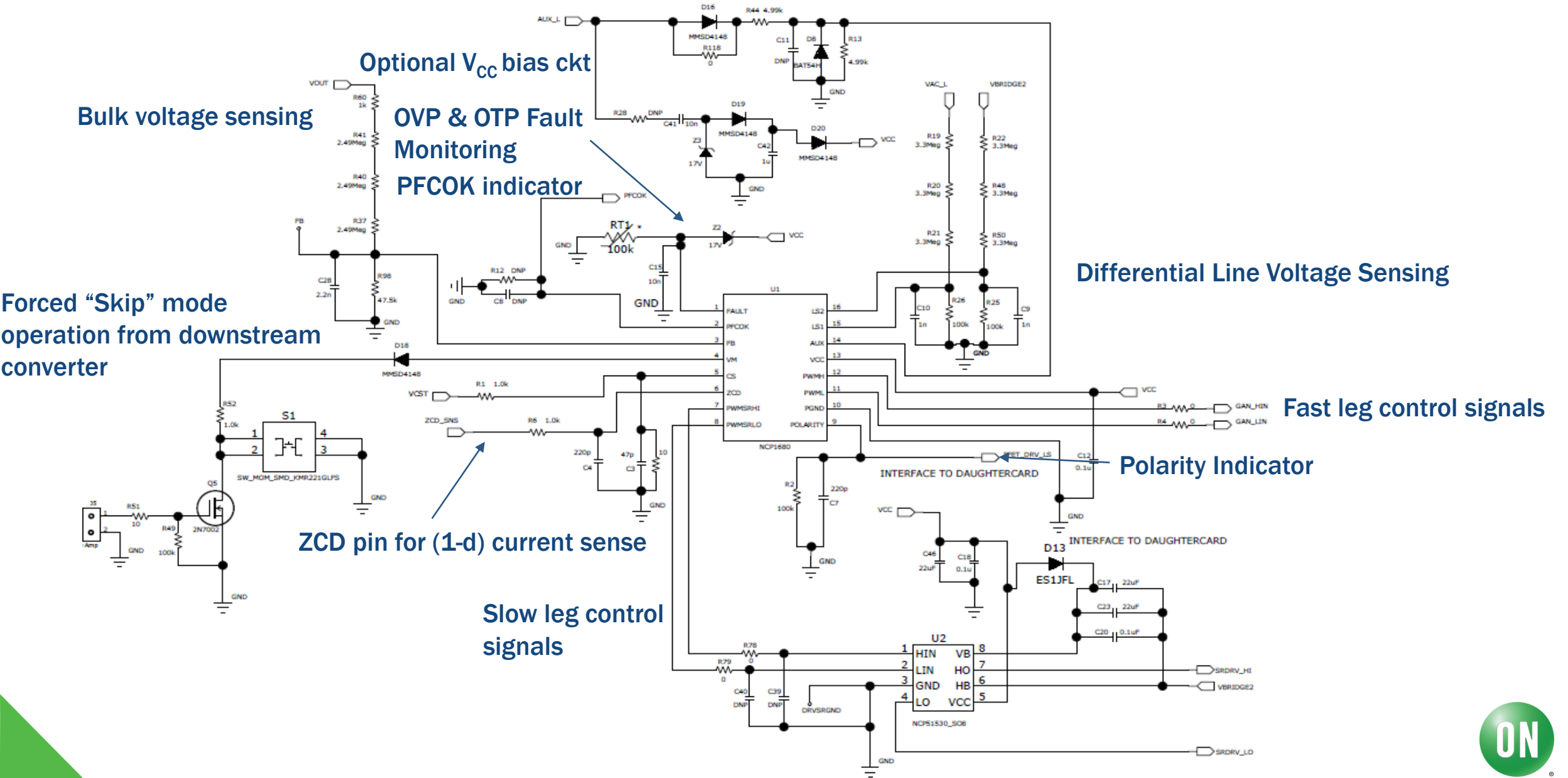


ZCD Current
Sense Resistors



Controller Schematic

AUX winding circuitry → Optimized for bidirectional operation



Optional V_{CC} bias ckt

Bulk voltage sensing

OVP & OTP Fault Monitoring
PFCOK indicator

Differential Line Voltage Sensing

Forced "Skip" mode operation from downstream converter

Fast leg control signals

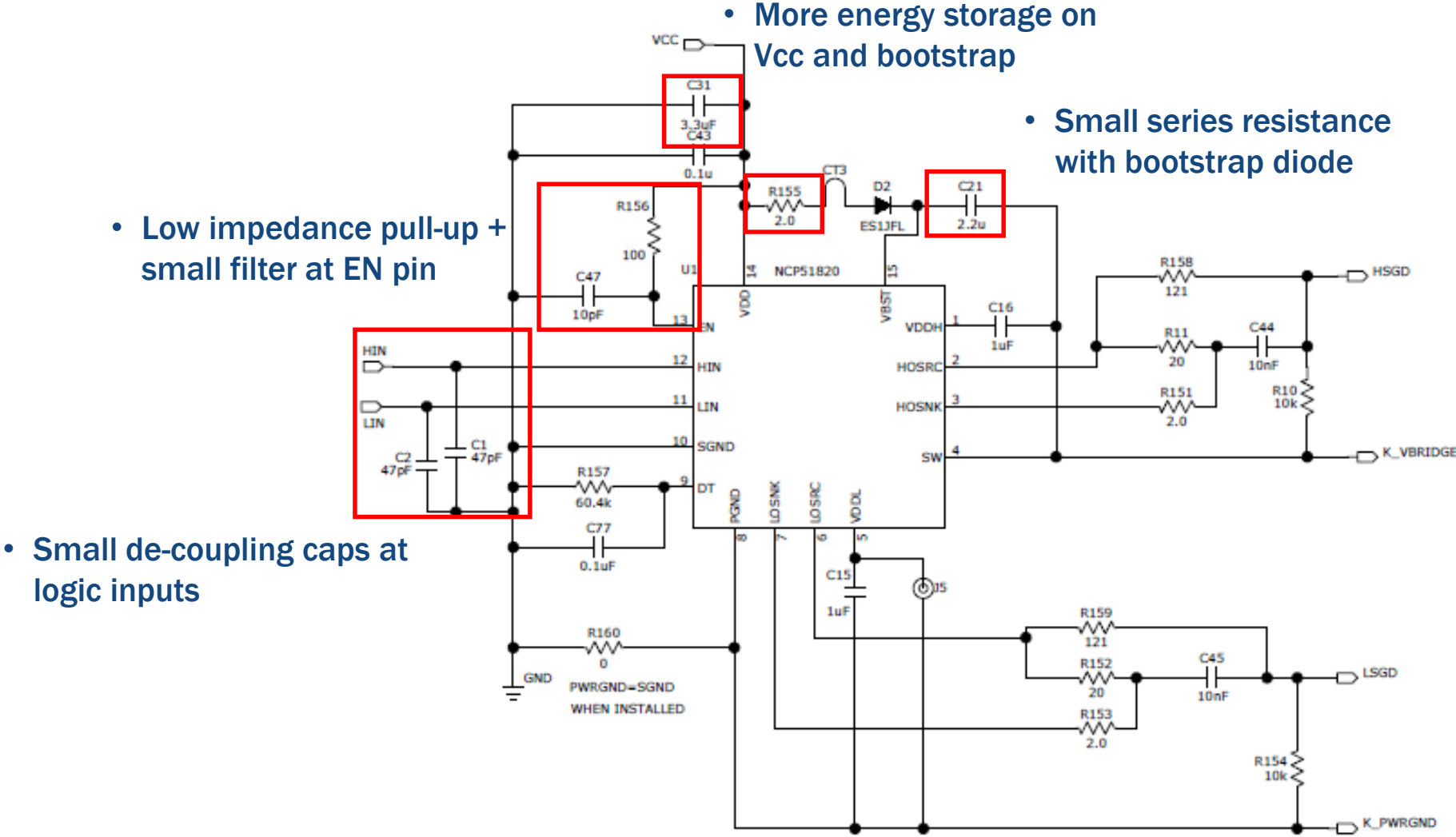
Polarity Indicator

ZCD pin for (1-d) current sense

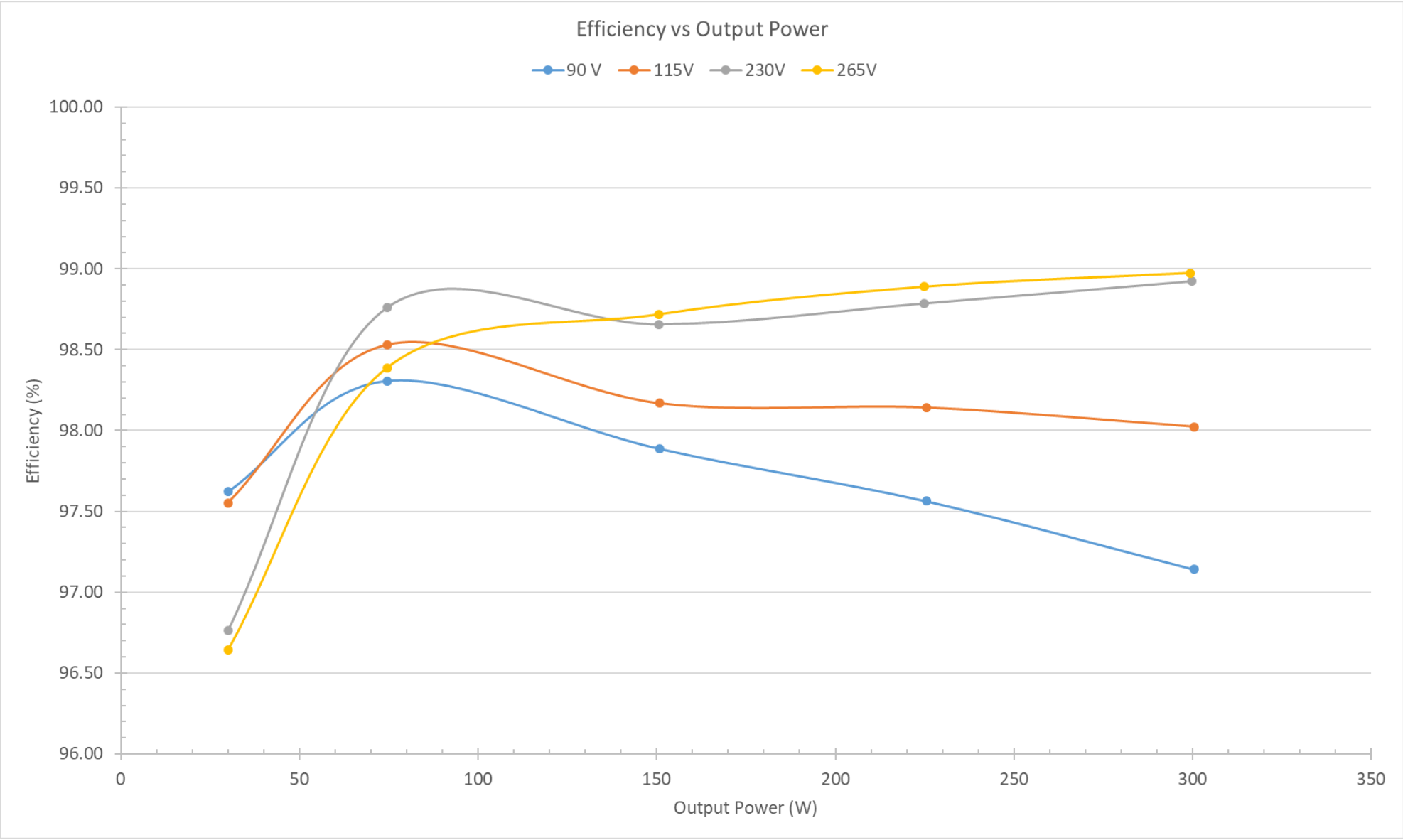
Slow leg control signals



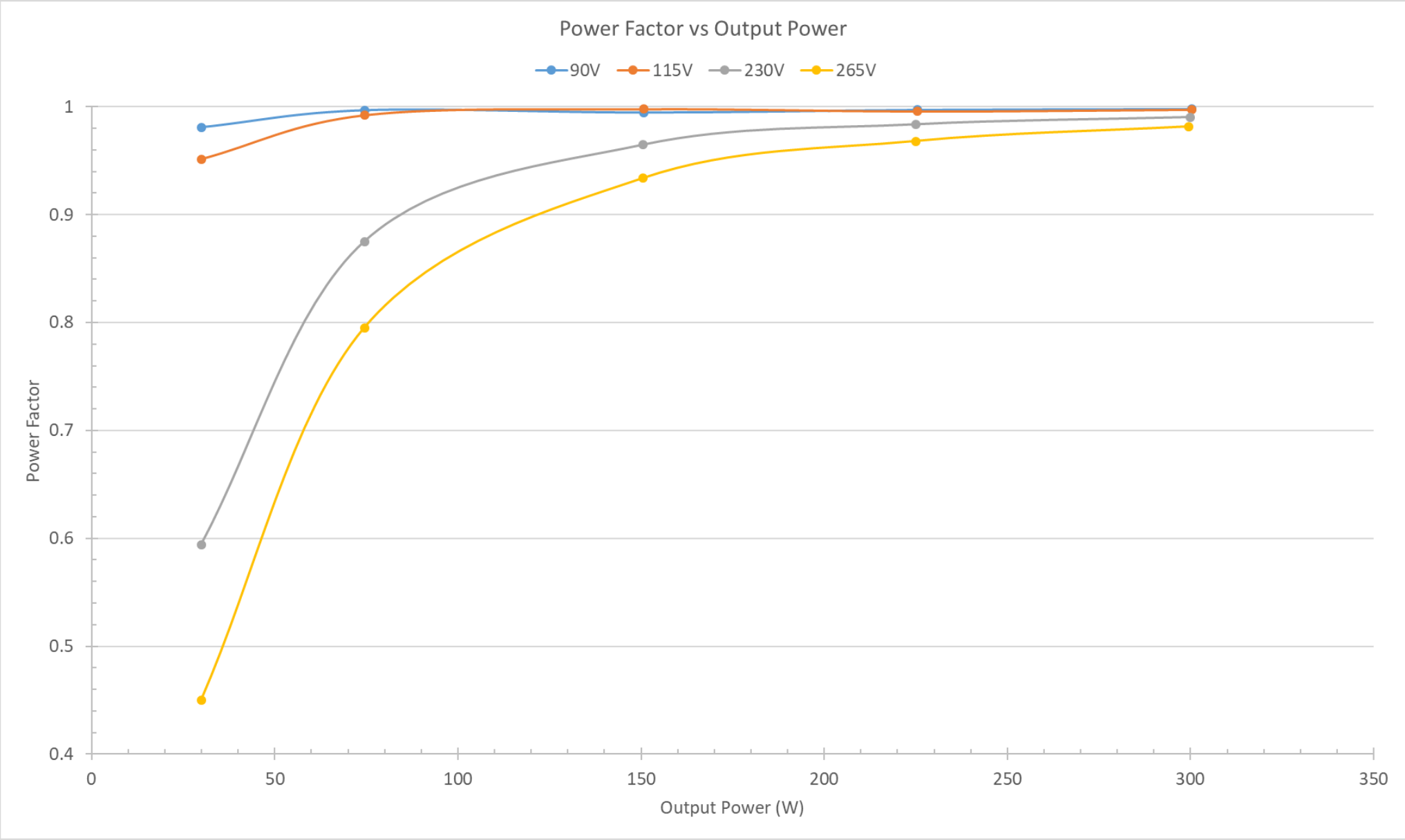
Daughter Card Schematic



Efficiency



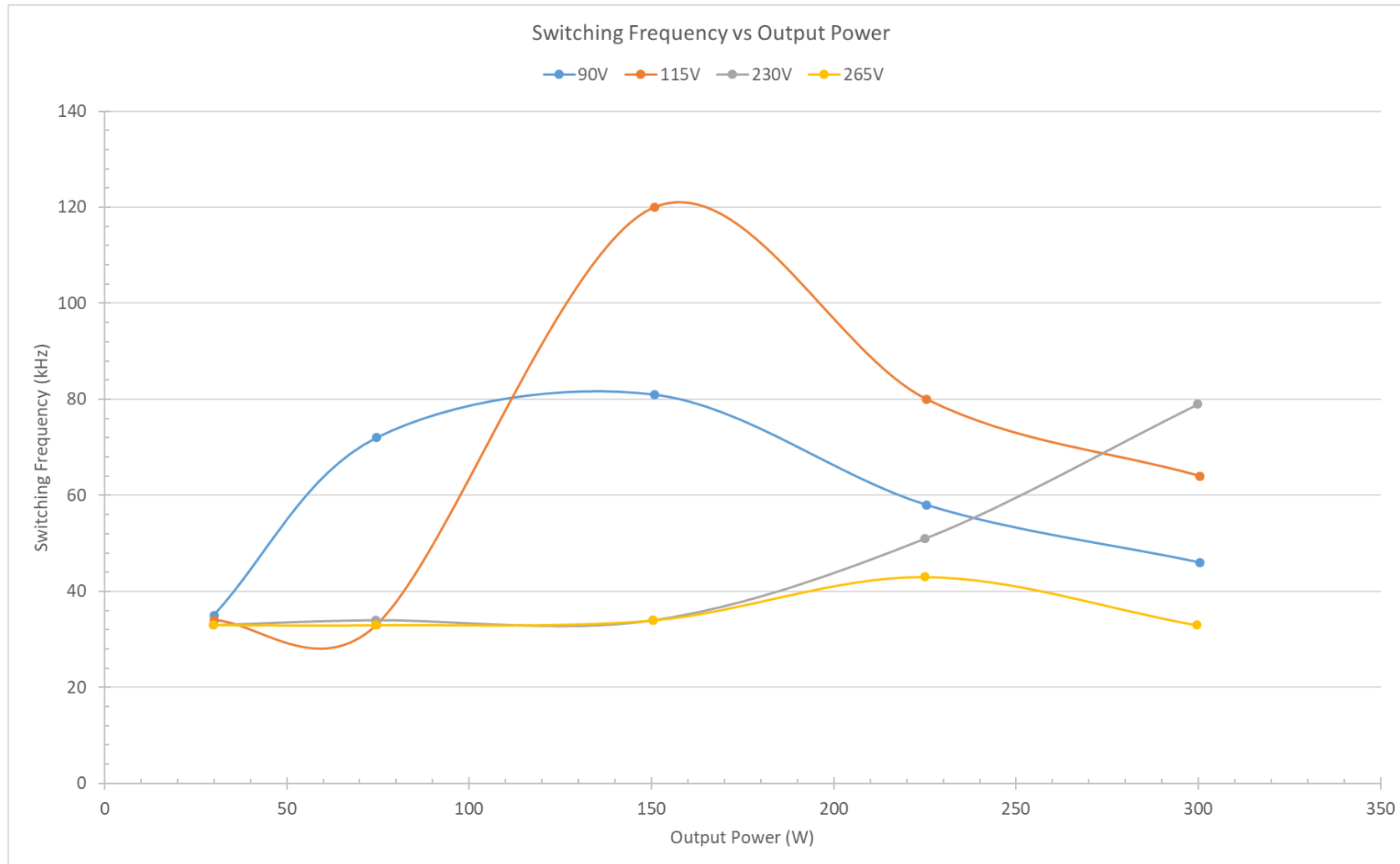
Power Factor



Public Information

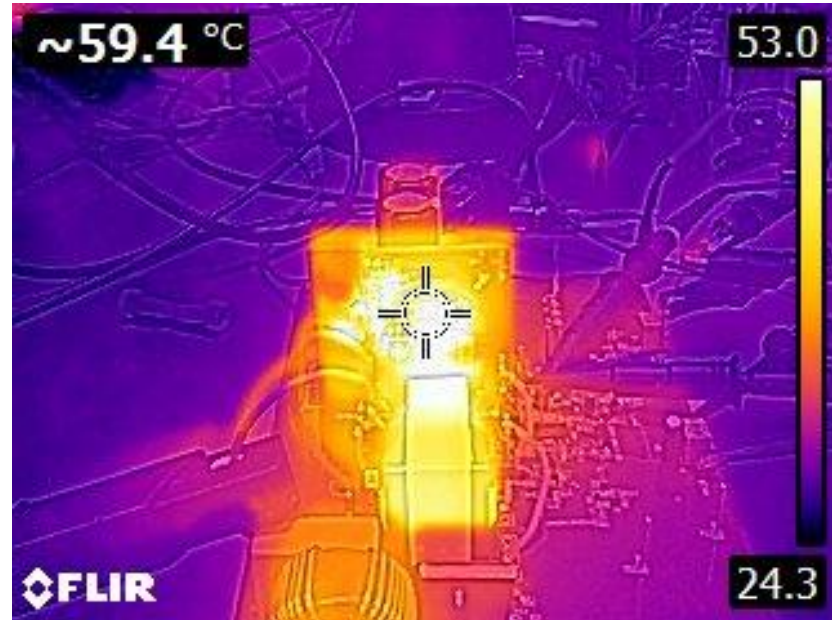


Switching frequency at the peak of AC line



Thermal scan

GaN HEMTs



Boost Inductor

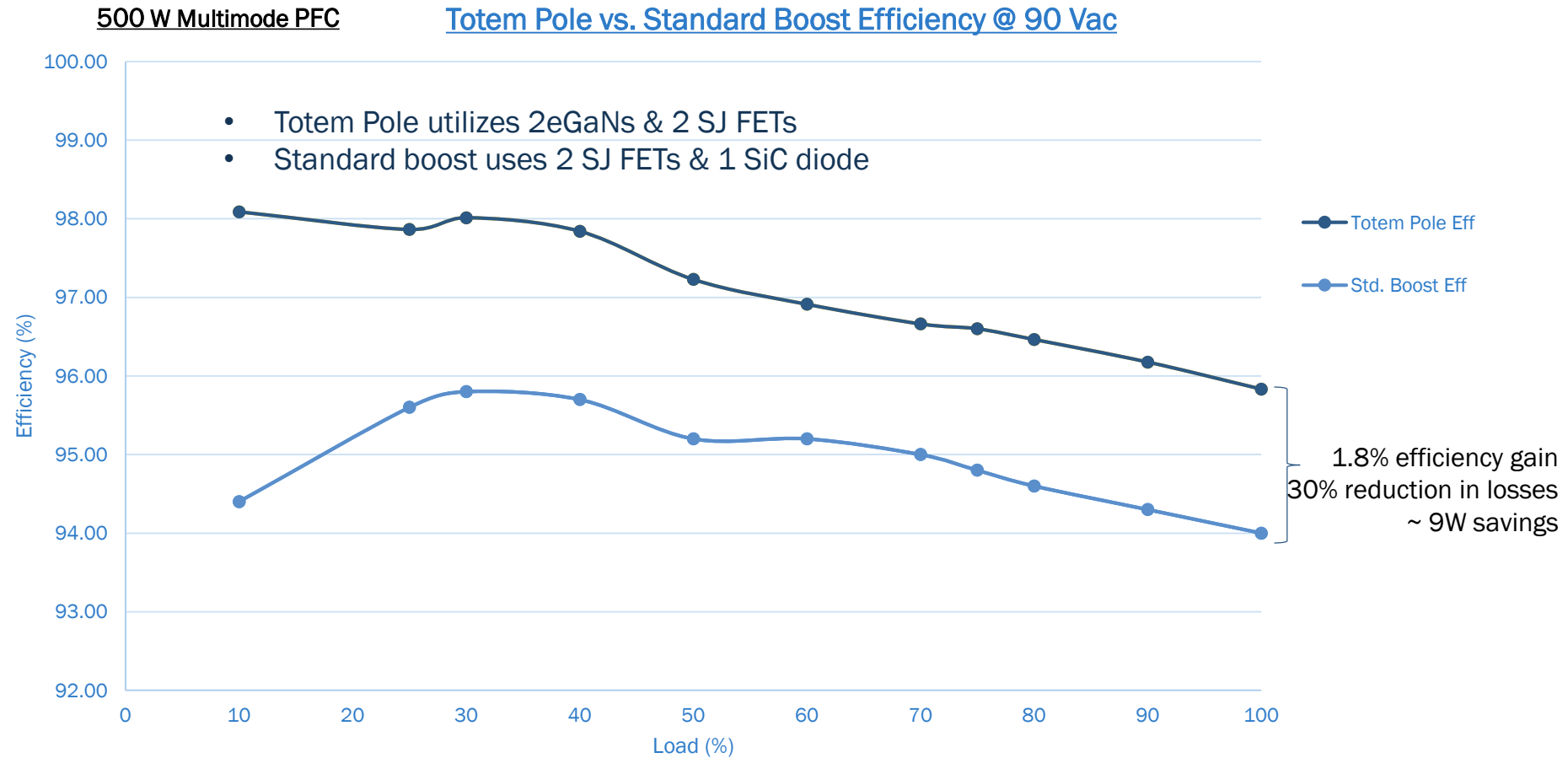


Slow leg Si FETs



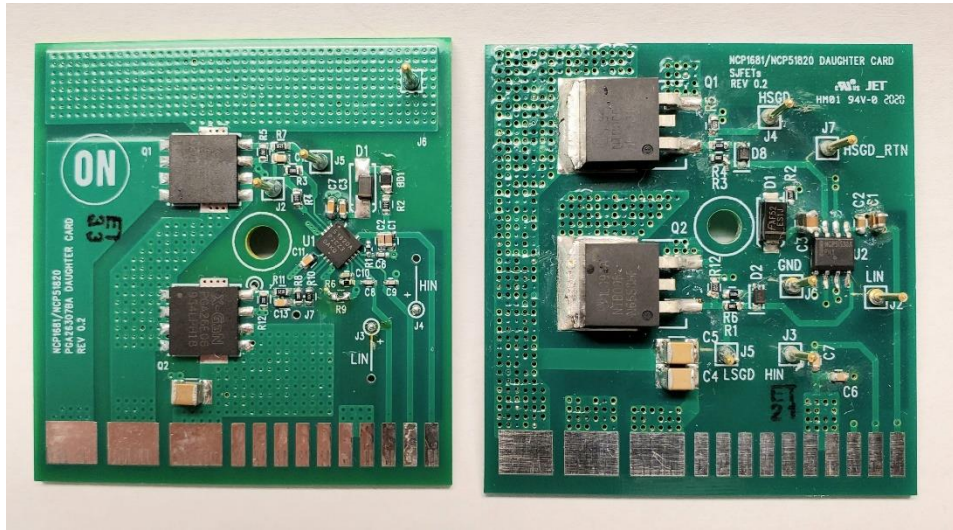
- Thermal scans showing the temperature of the 50 mΩ GaN HEMTs, boost inductor, and slow leg Si devices captured 90 Vac, 300 W, room temp ambient

Totem Pole vs. Standard Boost PFC Efficiency Comparison



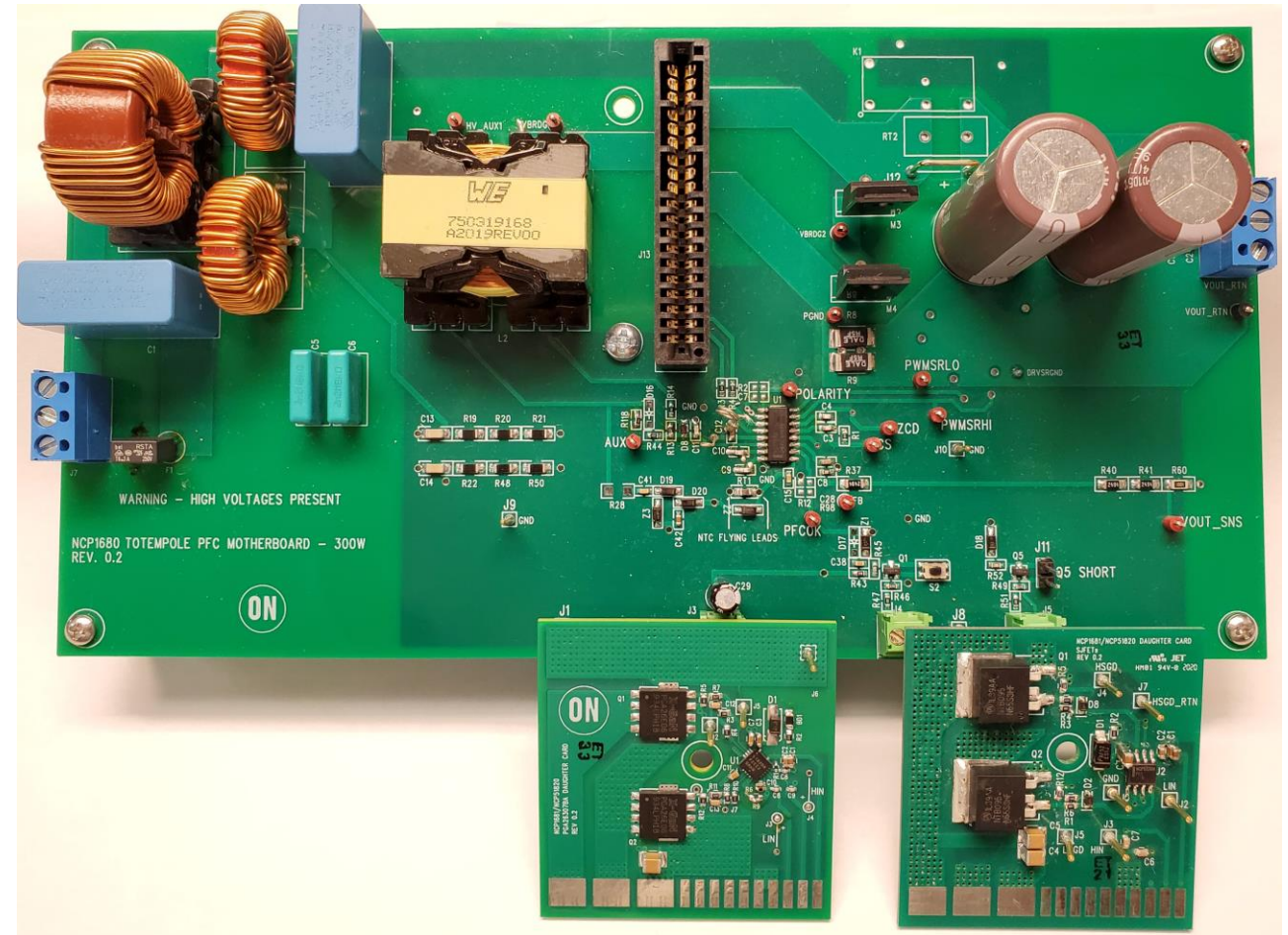
- Bridgeless Totem Pole PFC provides 1.8 % higher efficiency than standard boost PFC at full load, 90 Vac input condition equivalent to 9 W power loss reduction

Totem Pole PFC GaN vs. SJ MOSFET Efficiency Comparison



56 mOhm GaN fast leg daughter card

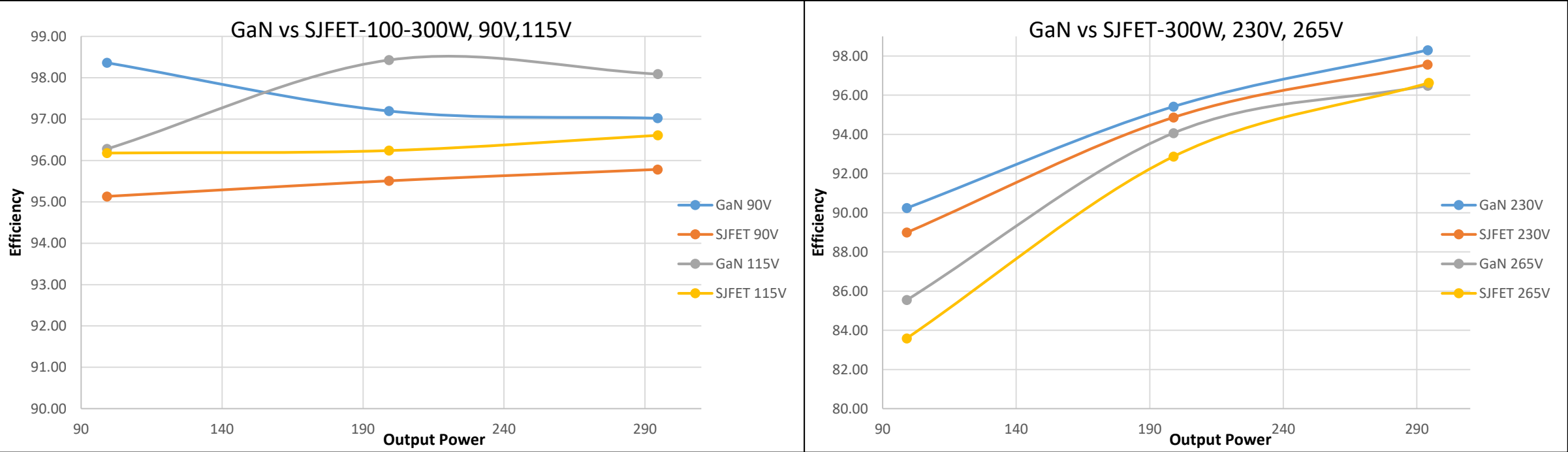
95 mOhm SJ FET NTB095N65S3HF fast leg daughter card



- Using NCP1680 300W CrM board to compare the performance of GaN versus SJ FET as the fast leg switches

Efficiency Comparison 90V, 115, 230V –300W

GaN vs SJ FET Efficiency Graphs



- Bridgeless Totem Pole PFC + GaN as the fast leg switches gains ~1 % higher efficiency versus SJ FET. Totem Pole + GaN also provides better THD performance



Support and Collateral

Data Sheet

Full DS for customers available upon request

NCP1680 – CrM Totem Pole PFC IC

Totem Pole CrM Power Factor Correction Controller

The NCP1680 is a Critical Conduction Mode (CrM) Power Factor Correction (PFC) controller IC designed to drive the bridgeless totem pole PFC topology. The bridgeless totem pole PFC consists of two totem pole legs: a fast switching leg driven at the PWM switching frequency and a second leg that operates at the AC line frequency. This topology eliminates the diode bridge present at the input of a conventional PFC circuit, allowing significant improvement in efficiency and power density.

- Features:**
- Totem Pole PFC topology eliminates input diode bridge enabling very high efficiency & compact design
 - AC line monitoring circuit & AC phase detection
 - Brownout detection
 - Critical conduction mode (CrM) Operation
 - Discontinuous conduction mode (DCM) with valley turn on under light load conditions
 - Frequency foldback in DCM with 25 kHz minimum frequency
 - Digital loop compensation
 - Simplified valley sensing
 - Novel current limit scheme eliminates the needs for hall effect sensors
 - Skip/Standby mode with a Skip flag for optimizing light load performance
 - Near unity power factor in all operating modes
 - PFCOK Indicator

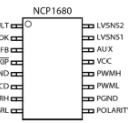
- Safety Features**
- Soft and fast overvoltage protection
 - 3-level latch input for OVP & OTP
 - Bulk undervoltage protection
 - Internal Thermal Shutdown
 - Cycle-by-cycle current limit

- Applications:**
- 5G Telecom Power Supplies
 - Industrial Power Supplies
 - Gaming Console Power Supplies
 - Ultra High Density (UHD) Power Supplies
 - Merchant Power



PIN CONNECTIONS

NCP1680



Coming Soon

App Note

Design Guide

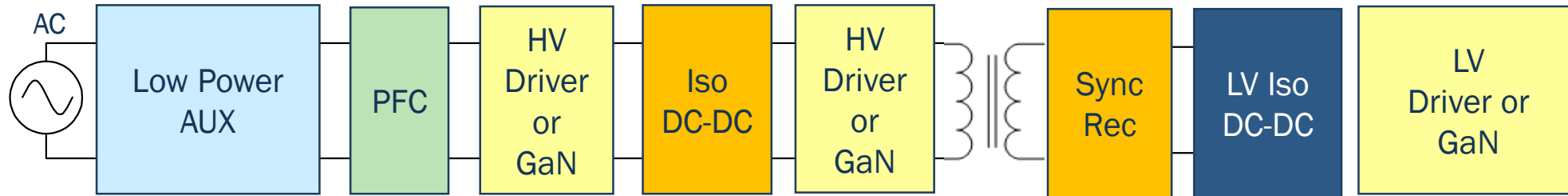
Coming Soon

Evaluation Board

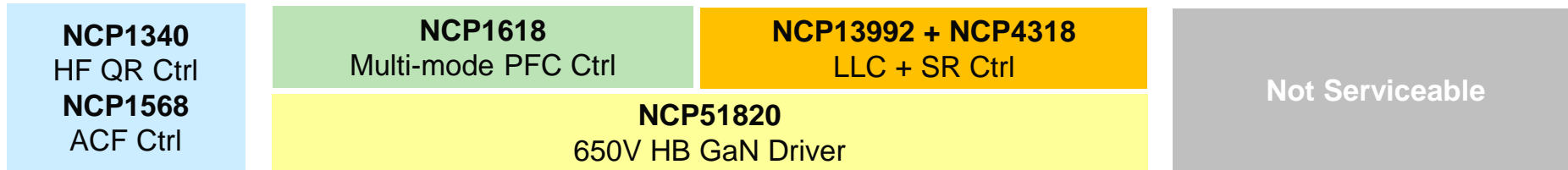
300 W CrM PFC



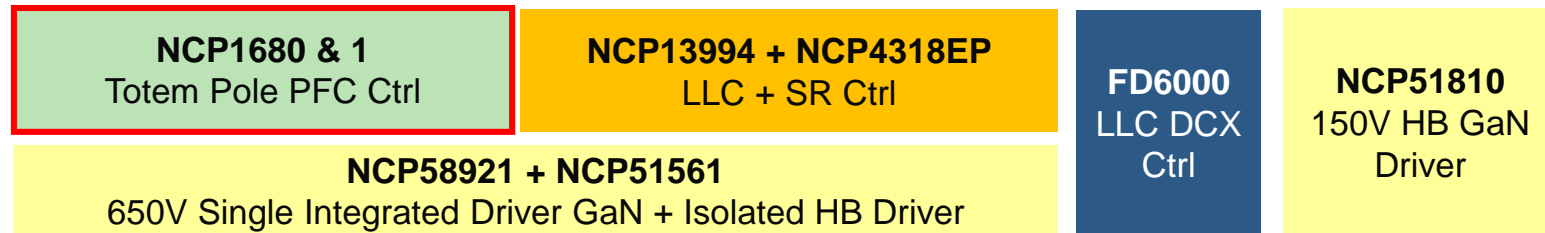
ONSEMI 1 kW Ultra High Density Power Solution



High
Density
Design



Ultra High
Density
Design



Discovery Questions

Discovery Questions	Relevance	Response
Are you looking to achieve the best possible PFC stage efficiency?	Design will benefit from bridgeless totem pole PFC	NCP1680 is designed to support bridgeless totem pole PFC, eliminate the loss of input diode bridge and achieve efficiency close to 99 %
Do you use digital MCU to implement totem pole PFC?	Digital MCU solution is more complex and expensive	NCP1680 is an analog mixed signal controller dedicated to totem pole PFC topology, simplifies design and reduces BOM count and cost
What are your efficiency requirements?	High light-and no-load efficiency targets benefit from NCP1680	NCP1680 features CrM operation and frequency fold back with valley turn on at light load ensuring high efficiency across power levels



END

Thank You