

Wireless Charging System 1 kW
| Datasheet

## 1000W 24 V \& 48 V Wireless Charging System

## Features

- No part wear
- Low maintenance
- Wide input range 85-265 $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{AC}}$
- Natural cooling - no fans mean reliable and silent operation
- Efficiency over $90 \%$ in typical conditions
- CAN bus for charge control and status
- Optional stand-alone charging using battery profiles
- Small and lightweight onboard unit
- Optimised for automated charging


Fig. 1: Naming of system components ${ }^{1}$

| AC input | C 14 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Connector type | 1 -phase, $120 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{AC}}$ or $230 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{AC}}$ |
| Nominal AC Input voltage | $85 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{AC}}$ to $265 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{AC}}$ |
| AC input voltage range ${ }^{2}$ | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| AC Input nominal frequency | 47 Hz to 63 Hz |
| AC input frequency range | 13 A |
| Maximum AC input current | $92 \%(24 \mathrm{~V}$ version), $93 \%(48 \mathrm{~V}$ version) |
| Maximum efficiency | $>0.95$ |
| Minimum power factor at $100 \%$ load |  |
| Maximum inrush current ${ }^{3}$ | $<65 \mathrm{~A}$ and for $<10 \mathrm{msec}$ |
| Touch current ${ }^{4}$ | $<3.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Standby power consumption ${ }^{5}$ | $<4 \mathrm{~W}$ |

[^0]| DC output |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voltage (nominal) | 24 V | 48 V |
| Voltage range | 12 V DC to $30 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DC}}$ | $24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{VC}^{\text {to }} 60 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {DC }}$ |
| Voltage accuracy | $\pm 0.5$ \% |  |
| Maximum current | 41.7 A | 20.8 A |
| Ripple voltage ${ }^{1,2}$ | <1.5 V |  |
| Load current accuracy | $\begin{gathered} \pm 2 \% \text { between } 8 \mathrm{~A} \\ \quad \text { and } 41.7 \mathrm{~A} \\ \pm 5 \% \text { between } 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ \text { and } 8 \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ | ```\pm2% between 4 A and 20.8 A \pm5% between 2 A and 4 A``` |
| Rise time (typical) | < 5 s (0-100\% load) |  |
| Ripple current |  |  |
| High frequency > 1 kHz | $<4 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |
| Low frequency < 360 Hz | $<6 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |
| Maximum output power | 1000 W |  |
| Cable specification |  |  |
| Cable length | 500 mm |  |
| Design of cable end | Terminated with insulated M10 ring terminal. |  |
| Battery draw when not charging | $<70 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $<40 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Battery draw in Sleep mode | $<2 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |



Fig. 2: 24 V output operating area

[^1]

Fig. 3: 48 V output operating area

| Functions | Sleep: Reduce current draw from the battery when not charging Enable: start and stop charging when using profile mode |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cable length | 100 mm |
| Design of cable end | Molex MX150 series, P/N: 33471-3301 |
| CAN bus connector |  |
| Functions | Connection to smart rechargeable batteries, machine systems and development GUI application. |
| CAN bus specification | ISO 11898-1 \& ISO 11898-2 (CAN 2.0A) <br> ID Bits 11; Bit rate variable up to $1 \mathrm{Mbit} / \mathrm{sec}$ |
| Isolation to main DC output | $500 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{AC}}$ or $707 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DC}}$ |
| Cable length | 100 mm |
| Design of cable end | Molex MX150 series P/N: 33471-0201 |
| Temperature sensor |  |
| Functions | Connection to battery (-VE) terminal to establish battery temperature. <br> Gives optimal charging when used with a temperature compensated profile. |
| Sensor | NTC embedded into ring terminal. |
| Cable length | 500 mm |
| Design of cable end | Terminated with non-insulated, M10 ring terminal. |



[^2]| Methods and Limits ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Standard | Test level Acceptance criteria |
| Conducted and radiated emissions <br> CISPR11 EN 55011 <br> FCC CFR47 Part 15.B | Class A Limits ${ }^{2}$ |
| Line harmonics EN / IEC 61000-3-2 | Class A (<16 A per phase) |
| Electrostatic discharge (ESD) <br> EN / IEC 61000-4-2 | EN 61000-4-2, $\pm 4$ kV Performance Criteria B Contact / $\pm 8 \mathrm{kV}$ air |
| Radiated immunity <br> EN / IEC 61000-4-3 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}(80 \mathrm{MHz} \text { to Performance Criteria A } \\ & 1,000 \mathrm{MHz}) \\ & 3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}(1,000 \mathrm{MHz} \text { to } \\ & 6,000 \mathrm{MHz}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Electrical fast transient EN / IEC 61000-4-4 | $\pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$ Performance Criteria B |
| Surge immunity EN / IEC 61000-4-5 | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 2 \mathrm{kV} \text { (asymmetrical) Performance Criteria B } \\ & \pm 1 \mathrm{kV} \text { (symmetrical) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Conducted immunity EN / IEC 61000-4-6 | 10 Vrms ( $^{2} 150 \mathrm{kHz}$ to 80 Performance Criteria A MHz ) |
| Ecological characteristics |  |
| WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive) | 2012/19/EU |
| RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive) | 2011/65/EU, 2015/EU/863 |
| REACH | 1907/2006/EC |
| Mechanical design |  |
| Dimensions ( $\mathrm{L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H}$ ) |  |
| WPB | $280 \times 192 \times 60 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| WPP and WSP | $\varnothing 160 \times 19 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| WSB | $168 \times 82 \times 28 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Weight (typical) |  |
| WPU | 5.4 kg |
| WSU | 1.5 kg |
| Cooling |  |
| WPU | Natural convection |
| WSU | Contact |
| Pad orientation | Vertical ${ }^{3}$ |
| Pad air gap range | 0 to 20 mm |
| Pad misalignment range | 0 to 20 mm |
| Status LEDs | On WPB: AC present, Charging, Fault |

## Status LEDs

|  | AC present | Charging | Fault |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Off | Off | Off |
| No input | On | Off | Off |
| Ready | On | Flash | Off |
| Charging | On | On | Off |
| Charge complete ${ }^{1}$ | On | Off | Flash |
| Fault |  |  |  |

1 Profile mode only

## Dimension Drawings



Fig. 4: WPU dimensions (mm)


Fig. 5: WSU dimensions (mm)

## Product Model Name

| Model | Power | Output |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| EOE14010738 | WPU 1 kW US | $24 / 48 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| EOE14010739 | WPU 1 kW EU | $24 / 48 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| EOE14010740 | WSU 1 kW | 24 V |
| EOE14010803 | WSU 1 kW | 48 V |
| EOE99000823 | 1 kW Dev Kit | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |

[^3]
# A nelta 

Smarter. Greener. Together.

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[^0]:    WPB $=$ primary box, WPP $=$ primary pad, WSB $=$ onboard electronics, WSP $=$ onboard pad
    When input voltage is liss than
    
    5 When WSU And WPU are not paired

[^1]:    1 For output voltage $>19 \mathrm{~V}(24 \mathrm{~V}$ version $)$ and $>38 \mathrm{~V}(48 \mathrm{~V}$ version
    2 Resistor $\& 100 \mathrm{mF}$ capacitor load

[^2]:    Outuut power derated to stop WSB case temperature exceeding $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at higher ambient temperatures. Performance at high ambient 2 dependant on WS
    

[^3]:    2 Additionale elternal request
    Additional exteral cable fittering may be required depending on installation environmen during charging
    If mounted horizontally the user must take full responsibility of o ensure there are no meta

